

Medical Assessment

Candidate Name _____

Date: _____ Scenario# _____

Assessor's Name _____

Start Time: _____

Stop Time: _____

SCENARIO:

	Completed	Time Completed	Points Earned
SCENE SIZE UP			
Takes, or verbalize, body substance isolation precautions			
Determines the scene is safe			
Determines the mechanism of injury/nature of illness			
Determines the number of patients			
Requests additional help if necessary			
Considers stabilization of spine			
INITIAL ASSESSMENT			
Verbalizes general impression of the patient			
Determines responsiveness/level of consciousness			
Determines chief complaint/apparent life threats			
Assesses Airway			
Patent or Obstructed; Use of Adjunct if required			
Assesses Breathing			
Assures adequate ventilation			
Initiates appropriate oxygen therapy			
Assesses Circulation			
Assesses/controls major bleeding			
Assesses pulse			
Assesses skin (color, temperature and condition)			
Identifies priority patients/makes transport decisions			
FOCUSED HISTORY AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION/RAPID ASSESSMENT			
Signs and symptoms (Assess history of present illness)			
Onset?			
Provokes?			
Quality?			
Radiates?			
Severity?			
Time?			
Interventions?			
Allergies			
Medications			
Past pertinent history			
Last oral intake			
Event leading to present illness (rule out trauma)			
PERFORMS FOCUSED PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
Performs focused physical examination (assesses affected body part/system or, if indicated, completes rapid assessment)			
VITALS			
Vitals (obtains baseline vital signs)			
INTERVENTIONS			
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
ONGOING ASSESSMENT (verbalized)			
Transport (re-evaluates the transport decision)			
Verbalizes the consideration for completing a detailed physical exam			
Repeats initial assessment			
Repeats vital signs			

Trauma Assessment

Candidate Name _____

Date: _____ Scenrio# _____

Assessor's Name _____

Start Time: _____

Stop Time: _____

SCENARIO:	Completed	Time Completed	Points Awarded
SCENE SIZE UP			(0)=None
Takes, or verbalize, body substance isolation precautions			
Determines the scene is safe			
Determines the mechanism of injury/nature of illness			
Determines the number of patients			
Requests additional help if necessary			
Considers stabilization of spine			
INITIAL ASSESSMENT			
Verbalizes general impression of the patient			
Determines responsiveness/level of consciousness			
Determines chief complaint/apparent life threats			
Assesses Airway			
Patent or Obstructed; Use of Adjunct if required			
Assesses Breathing			
Assures adequate ventilation			
Initiates appropriate oxygen therapy			
Assesses Circulation			
Assesses/controls major bleeding			
Assesses pulse			
Assesses skin (color, temperature and condition)			
Identifies priority patients/makes transport decisions			
FOCUSED HISTORY AND PHYSICAL EXAMINATION/RAPID ASSESSMENT			
Signs and symptoms (Assess history of present illness)			
SAMPLE Obtained			
OPQRST Obtained			
Vitals (obtains baseline vital signs)			
RAPID TRAUMA ASSESSMENT			
DETAILED PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
Head - Inspect, Palpate, Assesses for PERRL			
Neck - Inspect, Palpate, Assesses JVD, C-Spine and Tracheal Postion			
Chest - Inspect, Palpate, Auscultate			
Abdomen/Pelvis - Inspects and Palpates, Assesses Genitals			
Lower Extremities - Inspect, Palpate, Assesses distal PMS			
Upper Extremities - Inspect, Palpate, Assesses distal PMS			
Posterior Thorax/Lumbar/Buttocks - Inspect, Palpate			
INTERVENTIONS			
1. IV Administration (Scene time not delayed)			
2. Medication Administration (Correct Med and Dosages)			
3. Full Spinal Immobilization (Correctly applied)			
4			
5			
6			
7			
ONGOING ASSESSMENT (verbalized)			
Transport (re-evaluates the transport decision)			
Repeats initial assessment			
Repeats vital signs			
Repeats focused assessment regarding patient complaint or injuries			
Reassesses Effectiveness of Treatments Performed			
		SUBTOTAL	/28